### **2021 HEALTHCARE SURVIVAL GUIDE**





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DISCOUNT ONLY - NOT INSURANCE. There are no enrollment or membership fees for the program. Discounts are available exclusively through participating pharmacies. The range of the discounts will vary depending upon the type of provider and services rendered. This program does not make payments directly to pharmacies. Members are required to pay for all health care services, but can receive a discount from participating pharmacies. For customers in MA, this plan is not health insurance coverage and does not meet minimum credible coverage requirements under MGL c. 111M and 956 CMR 5.00. You may cancel your registration at any time or file a complaint by calling the toll-free customer care number at 1-888-495-3181. The program is administered by MedImpact Healthcare Systems, Inc. The drug formulary is open. Prescription prices may vary from pharmacy to pharmacy and are subject to change. The pricing estimates given are based on the most recent information available and may change based on when you actually fill your prescription at the pharmacy. Average savings of 65%, with potential savings of up to 80% off of the regular retail prices based upon 2019 national program savings data. PROGRAM IS NOT HEALTH INSURANCE OR A MEDICARE PRESCRIPTION DRUG PLAN OR A SUBSTITUTION FOR INSURANCE, and it may not be used in conjunction with any insurance plan or government funded program such as Medicare or Medicaid. Home delivery prescription orders are fulfilled and shipped to you from a United States licensed pharmacy after the pharmacy receives a legally valid written prescription order from you or your prescriber. It is your responsibility to ensure that the home delivery pharmacy receives your prescription order; neither the America's Pharmacy program nor its administrator will send your prescription order to the home delivery pharmacy.

# No Health Insurance? You're Not Alone.

Nearly half of all Americans rely on employer-sponsored healthcare insurance.<sup>1</sup> And now sadly, many are without a job and health insurance due to the COVID-19 pandemic of 2020. It is estimated that 7.7 million workers lost employment that provided health insurance as a result of the pandemic-induced recession.<sup>2</sup>

Fortunately, there are ways to reduce your healthcare costs and find coverage if you are unemployed. We've compiled some resources to help you get started as well as some changes to consider in 2021. For questions regarding health insurance, contact services such as USA.gov for assistance.



# What's New for Medicaid in 2021

The COVID-19 pandemic has caused job losses, layoffs and furloughs, resulting in an increase of uninsured Americans. Medicaid expansion has increased in most states to help those who are uninsured obtain health coverage for little to no cost with less out-of-pocket expenses, while more children are eligible for the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP).

In addition, most states are leveraging Medicaid programs to help people maintain access to health care during the COVID-19 public health crisis. Learn more about the requirements for your state at Medicaid.gov/state-overviews/index.html.

## Income and Family Size Qualifications

Most states are expanding coverage and using the First Act Coronavirus Response Act to open eligibility to larger populations including people with disabilities and seniors. To make enrollment easier, states are accepting self-attestation to streamline enrollment for non-residents or those temporarily living out of state because of the public heath emergency. To determine your eligibility for Medicaid in your state, you can visit your state's Medicaid website.<sup>1</sup> Find yours at Medicaid.gov.

Most consumers will be eligible for Medicaid with up to 138% of the Federal Poverty Level (FPL), which is \$17,236 for an individual and \$35,535 for a family of four. Family members are considered all members of your household that you would include for tax purposes, including the tax filer, the tax filer's legally married spouse, and any children who are tax dependents.

Visit HealthCare.gov for a complete breakdown of income levels as well as who can be included when applying for Medicaid based on the people in your household.<sup>2</sup>



## Home and Community Based Services (HCBS)

Many states are improving access to care by strengthening home and community-based services (HCBS) programs. These programs help customers access care while social distancing by remaining at home for many health services.

These programs help customers access care while social distancing by remaining at home for many health services. These changes are especially important for seniors and people with disabilities and may include home-delivered meals and adaptive technologies.

Some states are implementing expanded access to care through disaster flexibilities (SPAs), and waivers to allow the use of telehealth, increasing quantity limit of certain drugs and other means to help patients navigate through the pandemic while staying safe. For a list of eligible services for your state, visit Medicaid.gov/medicaid/access-care/index.html

## Other Eligibility Considerations

Healthcare.gov provides an online form to submit basic information regarding your income, state, and the number of people living in your household. This information will generate a response containing next steps based on if you're eligible, or if you may need to apply based on other factors like disability or family status.<sup>2</sup>

#### **SOURCES**

#### No Health Insurance? You're Not Alone.

- 1. <a href="https://www.kff.org/other/state-indicator/total-population/">https://www.kff.org/other/state-indicator/total-population/</a>
- 2. <a href="https://www.upjohn.org/research-highlights/study-finds-77-million-lost-jobs-employer-sponsored-health-insurance-during-covid-pandemic-us">https://www.upjohn.org/research-highlights/study-finds-77-million-lost-jobs-employer-sponsored-health-insurance-during-covid-pandemic-us</a>

#### What's New for Medicaid in 2021?

- 1. https://www.medicaid.gov
- 2. <a href="https://www.healthcare.gov">https://www.healthcare.gov</a>



### How to Apply for Medicaid

The first question is: am I eligible to apply for Medicaid? Maybe you never thought about Medicaid before. Maybe you could not imagine being on it. But with the new pandemic crisis, you find yourself without income and without health insurance.

So, what is the first step? Based on income, household size, disability, family status and other factors, there are two options for applying for Medicaid; through the Health Insurance Marketplace and the State Medicaid Agency. Following are the initial steps to help you get started with your application.

## Apply through the Health Insurance Marketplace

This is an easy, state-specific way to check if you qualify and to apply for Medicaid.

- 1. Create a Marketplace account at Healthcare.gov/create-account.
- 2. Select your state of residence from the drop-down menu.
- 3. Complete the form to create your account, then you'll be able to view your coverage options.

## **Apply through Your State Medicaid Agency**

Applying directly with your state agency can be just as easy.

- 1. Visit Medicaid.gov/contact-us.
- Follow the prompts to apply for benefits in your state or access your state's contact information.

Once you've applied, you'll be notified if you're approved or denied through the Marketplace or by the Medicaid State Agency. If you are not approved, you'll be provided with further instructions to start an application for a private insurance plan.



## What is CHIP and How to Apply

Parents should never worry about the possibility of their children not having medical coverage. CHIP is a comprehensive health insurance option for children and teens that may be a good option for your family if Medicaid is not.

#### What is CHIP?

If your child needs health insurance, children can receive full health care coverage through The Children's Health Insurance Program, or CHIP. While the program is like Medicaid and works with each state's Medicaid program, CHIP is for families who earn above the qualifying income for Medicaid. Depending on what state you live in; CHIP will also provide health insurance for pregnant women.

#### What does CHIP cover?

CHIP offers coverage for routine check-ups, immunizations, doctor visits, and prescriptions along with free routine "well child" doctor visits and dental appointments. However, copayments may be required for additional services. Dependent on the state you live in, monthly premiums may be required as well. If your children require prescriptions, reduce your medical costs by using an Rx discount card. A Prescription Savings Card is free, and you can save up to 80% on medication for your family.



## How do I know if my children qualify for CHIP?

If you've applied and received information regarding your Medicaid qualification, you also received information regarding your children's eligibility for CHIP. If you have not received information or have not applied for Medicaid, you can call **1-800-318-2596.**<sup>1</sup>

**APPLY ANY TIME** 

You can apply for and enroll in CHIP at any time of year.

There is no limited enrollment period designated and if you qualify, you can start your coverage right away.

To apply for Medicaid, you can fill out a Health Insurance Marketplace application at HealthCare.gov by creating an account or logging into an existing account.<sup>2</sup>

If you qualify for CHIP, your children's health insurance become active immediately. No enrollment period means instant coverage. You can find more information on CHIP in your state by visiting InsureKidsNow.gov.<sup>3</sup>

#### **SOURCES**

#### Are You Eligible for Medicaid?

- 1. https://eligibility.com/medicaid/whats-theincome-level-requirement-to-qualify-formedicaid
- 2. https://www.healthcare.gov/income-and-household-information/household-size/
- 3. https://www.healthcare.gov/medicaid-chip/

#### **How to Apply for Medicaid**

- 1. https://eligibility.com/medicaid/whats-theincome-level-requirement-to-qualify-formedicaid
- 2. https://www.healthcare.gov/income-and-household-information/household-size/
- 3. https://www.healthcare.gov/medicaid-chip/

#### What is CHIP and How to Apply

- 1. https://www.healthcare.gov/medicaidchip/childrens-health-insurance-program/
- 2. https://www.healthcare.gov/create-account

https://www.insurekidsnow.gov/coverage/inde x.html



# The Affordable Care Act (Obamacare) Marketplace

The Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, also the Affordable Care Act (ACA), or colloquially known as Obamacare, is a United States federal statute enacted by the 111th United States Congress and signed into law by President Barack Obama in March of 2010.

Obamacare takes advantage of a health insurance marketplace for Americans can buy health insurance during open enrollment. If you already have coverage, you must re-enroll to keep the same, and to update your information such as household size or income.

Enroll in or change 2021
Marketplace health insurance
right now. The 2021 Open
Enrollment Period runs
from Sunday, November 1,
2020 to Tuesday, December
15, 2020.

Household income of between 100% to 400% of the poverty level often qualify for the premium tax credit, which can lower costs to make insurance more affordable. If you missed the open enrollment period, you may qualify for Special Enrollment, which is an extension to buy health coverage for those who have experienced certain life events. You can select a Bronze, a Silver, a Gold or a Platinum plan. Visit HealthCare.gov to learn more.

#### What about COVID-19?

Many consumers are experiencing income loss due to the Covid-19 pandemic. For this reason, it is more important than ever to either apply for or update an application for Marketplace health insurance by December 15, 2020. If you miss the December 15 deadline, you may be automatically re-enrolled, however you still must update your income and household information to take advantage of any savings.



#### **Special Enrollment Period**

Because of Covid-19, some states have established a Special Enrollment Period of people who have lost their jobs and health insurance. A Special Enrollment Period is the time when you can get health insurance outside of the normal enrollment period.

If you have experienced job loss, income reduction or have been furloughed from your work, the following tips can guide you on your next steps:

If you or a family member lose health coverage through an employer in the past 60 days or you expect to lose coverage in the next 60 days, you may qualify for the Special Enrollment Period so apply for health insurance or Medicaid right away.

If you experienced a wage reduction because your employer reduced the amount of hours you work while you are enrolled in a Marketplace plan, update your application within 30 days to report income changes to see if you qualify for increased savings.

If you were furloughed, you might qualify for a Special Enrollment Period and may be eligible for a tax credit to help you pay for coverage. Enroll or re-enroll to update your income for any tax credits you may qualify for.

If you did not have health coverage through your employer but lost your job, you may not qualify for a Special Enrollment Period. However, you may qualify for Medicaid or the CHIP program at any time of year. Enroll online as soon as your situation changes to see if you qualify. Go to HealthCare.gov to create and account or update your status for any of the above situations.



#### **COBRA Coverage**

If you are enrolled in COBRA continuation coverage, you may qualify for a Special Enrollment Period if your coverage costs change due to a change in employer contributions.

You may also qualify for premium tax credits if you end your COBRA continuation coverage or if you never accepted it. Visit Healthcare.gov/unemployed/cobracoverage/ for more details.

#### Other Qualifying Events for Special Enrollment

There are other life events that may trigger the special enrollment period. If you lose your job, get married, divorced or legally separated, have a baby, or adopting a child, or have moved, you might qualify for special enrollment. If your income changes, you might also qualify for the special enrollment period.

## Rules for Coronavirus Disease Emergency

If you have coverage through the Marketplace, the rules for emergency treatment remain the same as other viral infections, however you may be entitled to added benefits.

Check with your health insurance provider for specific benefits, and keep in mind they cannot terminate your coverage due to a change in your health status, including diagnosis of COVID-19.

Be sure to update your application for income that is impacted by the pandemic. If you need to visit your doctor, check to see if it's safe to resume in-office visits, or to see if you are eligible for telehealth services.



### Low-Cost Health Insurance

The monthly cost of health insurance can be so high, some find themselves paying nearly as much as they would for a luxury car each month. The national average premium is more than \$574 per month<sup>1</sup> In this time of pandemic and job loss, you may be wondering if there is a less expensive alternative.

First off, if you're thinking of forgoing your health coverage that is not a good idea. No health coverage can put both your health and finances at risk.

## What is the cheapest health insurance?

The cheapest is health insurance is Medicaid. Medicaid is a federal and state funded health insurance program for individuals and families with a low income. You may qualify for Medicaid based on income, household size, disability, family status and other factors. Benefits of Medicaid include coverage for doctor visits, hospital expenses, nursing home and home health care, and Rx expenses.

But to get Medicaid you need to qualify. Even if you have never considered Medicaid before, a loss of income and health insurance might mean that you qualify now. If you think you might qualify, you can find out for sure at HealthCare.gov.<sup>2</sup>

# Health Insurance Marketplaces

If you don't qualify for Medicaid, don't worry. Another alternative is purchasing medical benefits through your state health insurance marketplaces<sup>3</sup> that cover all ten essential health benefits including:

- Outpatient services
- Emergency services
- Hospitalization
- Maternity and newborn care
- Mental health and substance abuse care
- Rx drugs
- Rehabilitative services
- Laboratory services
- Preventative and wellness services
- Pediatric services



Marketplace health insurance is available to anyone who does not receive healthcare coverage through their employer, or anyone who is unemployed.

#### **Other Options**

There may have other options for cheap health insurance available to you as well. But regardless of the plan, you should do the research and understand the plan fully before you sign up.

When deciding if low-cost insurance is best for you, be sure to take into consideration your current medical needs before choosing your health insurance coverage. If you find yourself visiting your family doctor multiple times a year or are using your pharmacy card for essential prescriptions, choose coverage that includes those benefits. Used in tandem with a pharmacy card for discounted prescriptions, low-cost health insurance may put money back into your wallet<sup>4</sup>.

#### Is a Short-Term Policy for Me?

On February 20, 2018, the Trump administration had proposed a plan that would relax regulations on what is called short-term health insurance. One thing to consider is that these policies often do not cover pre-existing conditions (ones that occurred before you purchased the policy), but if you do develop a condition during the term you be covered.

But please remember, short-term policies offer limited benefits compared to the policies that are on the Affordable Care Act state health insurance marketplaces. Limitations might also include mental health, maternity care, and substance abuse. However, they often cost less than comprehensive policies without a subsidy.

#### Sources:

- 1.https://www.ncsl.org/research/health/health-insurance-premiums.aspx#2019\_rates
- 2.https://www.healthcare.gov/lower-costs/
- 3. https://www.healthcare.gov/
- 4. https://www.americaspharmacy.com/card



# Insurance and Medicaid Glossary and Abbreviations

#### **Health Insurance Terms**

#### **Allowed Amount**

This is the maximum amount on which payment is based for all covered health care services. This might also be called an "eligible expense," or a "payment allowance" or a "negotiated rate."

#### **Appeal**

This is a request you make to your health insurer or health plan to review a decision t has made or a grievance you have again.

#### **Balance Billing**

This is when a provider invoices you for the difference between a provider's charge and an allowed amount. As an example, if a provider's charge is \$200 and the allowed amount is \$170, the provider will bill you for the remaining \$130.

#### **Co-insurance**

This is your portion of the costs of a covered health care service, usually presented as a percent (for example, 18%) of the allowed amount for a service. You then pay the coinsurance plus any deductibles. As an example, if a health insurance allowed amount for a doctor's office visit is \$150 and you have already met your deductible, your co-insurance payment of 18% would be \$27. Your health insurance will pay the rest of the allowed amount.

#### **Co-payment**

A fixed dollar amount ((an example might be \$25) which you would pay for a covered health care service, generally at the time you receive the service. This amount can vary a lot by the type of covered health care service.



#### **Deductible**

The dollar amount that you will need to pay for health care services that your health insurance or health plan covers before your health insurance or health plan begins to pay for services. As an example, if your deductible is \$3,000, your health plan will not pay anything until you have spent your \$3000 deductible for any covered health care services that are subject to the deductible. Please remember that the deductible might not apply to all services.

#### **Durable Medical Equipment (DME)**

This refers to equipment and supplies that are ordered by a health care provider to be used every day or for an extended period of time. These might include wheelchairs, oxygen equipment, testing strips for diabetics, or crutches.

#### **Emergency Medical Condition**

This is an illness, injury, symptom or existing condition that is so serious that a reasonable person will seek care right away to avoid harm.

#### **Emergency Medical Transportation**

Any ambulance service for an emergency medical condition.

#### **Emergency Room Care**

Emergency services one receives in an emergency room.

#### **Emergency Services**

This is evaluation of an emergency medical condition as well as treatment provided in an effort to prevent the condition from getting worse.

#### **Excluded Services**

Health care services that your health insurance or health plan does not cover or pay for.

#### **Health Insurance**

This is the name for a contract that requires your health insurer to pay some or all of your health care costs in exchange for a premium that you pay to them.

#### **Home Health Care**

Specifically, health care services that a person receives at home.



#### **Hospice Services**

A range of Services that is provided to comfort and support people (and their families) during the last stages of a terminal illness.

#### **Hospital Outpatient Care**

Care on received from a hospital that that does not require an overnight stay.

#### In-network Co-insurance

This is the percent (as an example, 25%) that you will pay of the allowed amount for covered health care services to providers who have contracts with your health insurance or health plan. As a rule of thumb, in-network co-insurance is more likely to cost you less than out-of-network co-insurance.

#### **In-network Co-payment**

This is a fixed amount (as an example, \$20) that you will pay for covered health care services to providers who have contracts with your health insurance or health plan. As a rule of thumb, In-network co-payments are more likely to be less than out-of-network co-payments.

#### **Medically Necessary**

These are health care services or supplies that are needed to prevent, diagnose, or treat illnesses, injuries, diseases, conditions and their symptoms. They also must meet accepted standards of medicine.

#### Network

All the facilities, providers and suppliers with which your health insurer or health plan has contracted to provide health care services.

#### **Non-Preferred Provider**

This is a provider who does not have a contract with your health insurer or health plan. With a non-preferred provider you typically will pay more. Remember to check your policy to make sure you can go to all providers who have contracted with your health insurance or health plan. Many health insurance companies or health plans have a "tiered" network that require you pay extra to see some providers.



#### **Out-of-network Co-insurance**

This is the percent (as an example, 35%) that you pay of the allowed amount for health care services that are covered to providers who do not currently have a contract with your health insurance or health plan. Out-of-network co-insurance will usually costs you more than in-network co-insurance.

#### **Out-of-network Co-payment**

This is a fixed amount (as an example, \$35) that you pay for health care services that are covered from providers who do not contract with your health insurance or health plan. Out-of-network copayments are generally higher than in-network co-payments.

#### **Out-of-Pocket Limit**

The most you pay during a policy period (usually a year) before your health insurance or plan begins to pay 100% of the allowed amount. This limit never includes your premium, balance-billed charges or health care your health insurance or plan doesn't cover. Some health insurance or plans don't count all of your co-payments, deductibles, co-insurance payments, out-of-network payments or other expenses toward this limit.

#### **Physician Services Plan**

This is a benefit that your employer, union or some other sponsoring group provides to you in order to pay for your health care services.

#### Preauthorization

This is a decision made by your health insurer or health plan about the medical necessity of a health care service, a prescription drug, a treatment plan, or durable medical equipment. It is sometimes called prior authorization, precertification, or prior approval. Your health insurance or health plan might require this preauthorization for specific services before you are able to receive them, with the exception of emergences. Please remember, getting preauthorization is not a promise that your health insurance or plan will cover the cost.

#### **Preferred Provider**

This is a provider who has a contracted with your health insurer or plan to provide you with services at a discount. You can check your policy to see if you can see all the preferred providers or if your health insurance or health plan are on a "tiered" network and if you must pay more to see certain providers. Your health insurance or health plan may have preferred providers designated as "participating" providers. Participating providers also have contracts with your health insurer or health plan, but the discount may not be as big, so you may have to pay more.



#### Premium

The amount you must pay for your health insurance or health plan. This is usually paid monthly, quarterly, or yearly.

#### **Prescription Drug Coverage**

This is the part of your health insurance or health plan that helps pay for prescription drugs. Please note that this is not always a part of every health insurance or health plan offering.

#### **Primary Care Physician**

A physician -- whether an M.D. (Medical Doctor) or a D.O. (Doctor of Osteopathic Medicine) -- who directly provides to the patient or coordinates a wide range of health care services.

#### **Primary Care Provider**

A physician -- whether an M.D. (Medical Doctor) or a D.O. (Doctor of Osteopathic Medicine), a nurse practitioner, a clinical nurse specialist, or a physician assistant (as allowed under your state law) who provides, coordinates or helps a patient with accessing a wide range of health care services.

#### **Provider**

A physician -- whether an M.D. (Medical Doctor) or a D.O. (Doctor of Osteopathic Medicine), a health care professional, or a health care facility that is licensed, certified, or accredited as required by your state law.

#### **Reconstructive Surgery**

This is Surgery and follow-up treatments needed to correct or improve any part of the body due to of birth defects, injuries, accidents, or other medical conditions.

#### **Rehabilitation Services**

These are health care services that help a patient keep, retrieve, or improve skills and functioning that have been impaired or lost due to sickness, injury, or disability. These services could include physical and occupational therapy, psychiatric rehabilitation services, or speech-language pathology in a variety of inpatient or outpatient settings.



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#### **Specialist**

Physician specialists focus on a specific area of medicine or a specific group of patients. They diagnose, manage, prevent or treat certain types of symptoms and/or conditions. A non-physician specialist is a provider with additional training in a specific part of health care.

#### **UCR (Usual, Customary and Reasonable)**

The cost of medical service in a geographic area is based on what providers in the area typically charge for the same or similar medical service. UCR is how is often used to determine the allowed cost.

#### **Urgent Care**

This is care for an illness, condition, or injury that is serious enough for a reasonable person to seek care immediately, but not so severe as to require a visit to the emergency room.

#### **Common Medicaid Acronyms**

AAC actual acquisition cost

AAP American Academy of Pediatrics

AAPD American Academy of Pediatric Dentistry

ABA applied behavioral analysis
ABP alternative benefit plan

ACA Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act ACAP Association for Community Affiliated Plans

ACC accountable care collaborative

ACF Administration for Children and Families

ACIP Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices

ACO accountable care organization
ACS American Community Survey
ADA Americans with Disabilities Act

ADD attention deficit disorder

ADHD attention deficit hyperactivity disorder

ADLs activities of daily living

ADT admission, discharge, transfer

AFCARS Adoption and Foster Care Analysis Reporting System

AFDC Aid to Families with Dependent Children

AHA American Hospital Association



AHCA American Health Care Association

AHCCCS Arizona Health Care Cost Containment System Administration (Arizona's

Medicaid Agency)

AHRQ Agency for Health Care Research and Quality

AIDS acquired immune deficiency syndrome

AMA American Medical Association AMP average manufacturer price

APC ambulatory payment classification APRN advanced practice registered nurse

APS annual person summary

ARTS addiction and recovery treatment services
ASAM American Society of Addiction Medicine

ASC ambulatory surgical center

ASP average sales price

ASPE Assistant Secretary for Planning and Evaluation

AWP average wholesale price
BBA 97 Balanced Budget Act of 1997
BHH behavioral health homes

BHO behavioral health organization

BHP basic health program

BIP Balancing Incentive Payments Program

BMI body mass index BOE basis of eligibility

BRFSS Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System

CAH critical access hospital

CAHMI Child and Adolescent Health Measurement Initiative

CAHPS Consumer Assessment of Health Care Providers and Systems

CAPD continuous ambulatory peritoneal dialysis

CARF Commission on Accreditation of Rehabilitation Facilities

CARTS CHIP Annual Reporting Template System

CBO Congressional Budget Office
CBT cognitive-behavioral therapy
CCC Community Care Collaborative

CCCESUN children with chronic conditions and elevated service use or need

CCIIO Center for Consumer Information and Insurance Oversight

CCN CMS certification number CCO coordinated care organization

CCPD continuous cycling peritoneal dialysis

CCR cost-to-charge ratio

CCW Chronic Condition Data Warehouse



CDC U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

CDL clinical diagnostic laboratory

CDPS Chronic Illness and Disability Payment System

CDT Current Dental Terminology

CF conversion factor

CHAMP-VA Civilian Health and Medical Program of the Department of Veterans Affairs

CHIP State Children's Health Insurance Program

CHIPRA Children's Health Insurance Program Re-Authorization Act

CHNA community health needs assessment

CIN client identification number

CLIA Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments of 1988

CMC comprehensive managed care

CMCS Center for Medicaid and CHIP Services

CMHC community mental health center

CMIP comprehensive Medicaid integrity plan
CMS Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services

CNM certified nurse-midwife

CNOM costs not otherwise match-able

CNS clinical nurse specialist

COA Council on Accreditation of Services for Families and Children COBRA Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985

CORD The Childhood Obesity Research Demonstration

CPE certified public expenditure
CPI Center for Program Integrity

CPI-U consumer price index for all urban consumers

CPNP certified pediatric nurse practitioners

CPS Current Population Survey

CPT Current Procedural Terminology. CPT® is a registered trademark of the

American Medical Association

CRNA certified registered nurse anesthetists
CRNP certified registered nurse practitioner
CRNW certified registered nurse-midwife

CSHCN children with special health care needs

CSR cost-sharing reduction
CT computerized tomography

CTA computerized tomography angiography

CY calendar year

DHCF Department of Health Care Finance
DHCS Department of Health Care Services



CDC U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

CDL clinical diagnostic laboratory

CDPS Chronic Illness and Disability Payment System

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CSHCN children with special health care needs

CSR cost-sharing reduction
CT computerized tomography

CTA computerized tomography angiography

CY calendar year

DHCF Department of Health Care Finance
DHCS Department of Health Care Services



DHR Department of Human Resources
DHRM DSH Health Reform Methodology

DHSS Department of Health and Social Services

DHW Department of Health and Welfare

DMAPDivision of Medical Assistance ProgramsDMAPDelaware Medical Assistance ProgramsDMASDepartment of Medical Assistance Services

DME durable medical equipment

DOH Department of Health

DOJ U.S. Department of Justice

DRA Deficit Reduction Act
DRG diagnosis-related group

DSH disproportionate share hospital

DSM Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders

D-SNP dual-eligible special needs plan

DSRIP delivery system reform incentive payment

DSRIP PPS delivery system reform incentive payment performing provider system

DUR drug utilization review

DVHA Department of Vermont Health Access

DxCG diagnostic cost group risk adjustment model

DYS Department of Youth Services E/M evaluation and management EAC estimated acquisition cost

EAPG enhanced ambulatory patient group

ECP essential community provider

ED emergency department

EDZ economically disadvantaged zone

E-FMAP enhanced federal medical assistance percentage

EHB essential health benefit EHR electronic health record

EKG electrocardiogram
ELE express lane eligibility

EMTALA Emergency Medical Treatment and Active Labor Act
EPSDT early and periodic screening, diagnostic, and treatment

EQR external quality review

EQRO external quality review organization employer-sponsored insurance

ESRD end-stage renal disease

FACS Family and Children's Services



DHR Department of Human Resources
DHRM DSH Health Reform Methodology

DHSS Department of Health and Social Services

DHW Department of Health and Welfare

DMAPDivision of Medical Assistance ProgramsDMAPDelaware Medical Assistance ProgramsDMASDepartment of Medical Assistance Services

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FACS Family and Children's Services



FCA False Claims Act

FCHCO Federal Coordinated Health Care Office

FDA Food and Drug Administration

FERA Fraud Enforcement and Recovery Act

FFP federal financial participation

FFS fee for service

FHIAP Family Health Insurance Assistance Program
FIDE SNP fully integrated dual-eligible special needs plan

FMAP federal medical assistance percentage

FMR financial management report

FOA Family Opportunity Act FPG federal poverty guidelines

FPL federal poverty level

FQHC federally qualified health center

FSSA Family and Social Services Administration

FUL federal upper limit

FY fiscal year (October 1–September 30)

FYE full-year equivalent

GAO U.S. Government Accountability Office

GDP gross domestic product
GME graduate medical education
GPP global payment program
HAN health access network
HBO hyperbaric oxygen therapy

HCA health care authority

HCAC health care-acquired condition

HCBS home- and community-based services

HCC hierarchical condition category

HCERA Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act

HCFA Health Care Financing Administration

HCFAC Health Care Fraud and Abuse Control Program
HCPCS Health Care Common Procedure Coding System

HCPF health care policy and financing

HCRIS Health Care Cost Report Information System

HCRP high-cost risk pool

HCUP Health Care Cost and Utilization Project

HEAT Health Care Fraud Prevention and Enforcement Action Team

HEDIS Health Care Effectiveness Data and Information Set U.S. Department of Health and Human Services



HHSC Health and Human Services Commission

HIE health information exchange HIO health insuring organization HIP Healthy Indiana Program

HIPAA Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act

HIT health information technology

HIU health insurance unit

HMO health maintenance organizationHMOA Health Maintenance Organization Act

HOPD hospital outpatient department

HP20 Healthy People 2020

HPSA health professional shortage area

HRA health risk assessment

HRET Health Research and Educational Trust HRMS Health Reform Monitoring Survey

HRSA Health Resources and Services Administration

IBNRS Incurred But Not Reported Survey

ICD International Classification of Diseases

ICD-10 International Classification of Diseases, 10th Edition

ICF intermediate care facility

ICF/ID intermediate care facility for people with intellectual disabilities

ICT integrated care team

ID/DD intellectual or developmental disabilities

IDALs instrumental activities of daily living

IDR integrated data repository
IGT intergovernmental transfer

IHCP Indiana Health Coverage Program

IHI Institute for Health Care Improvement

IHS Indian Health Service

IMD Institutions for Mental Diseases

IME indirect medical educationIMU Index of Medical Underservice

IOM Institute of Medicine

IOP intensive outpatient program

IPPS inpatient prospective payment system IPUMS Integrated Public Use Microdata Series

IRC Internal Revenue Code
IRS Internal Revenue Service

KCMU Kaiser Commission on Medicaid and the Uninsured



KDHE Kansas Department of Health and Environment

KFF Kaiser Family Foundation

LADC licensed alcohol and drug counselor

LEA local education agency

LIHP low-income health program

LINKS Louisiana Immunization Network for Kids Statewide

LIS low-income subsidy LM licensed midwife

LOC level of care

LPR legal permanent resident

LTSS long-term services and supports

MA Medicare Advantage

MACBIS Medicaid and CHIP Business Information Solutions
MACPAC Medicaid and CHIP Payment and Access Commission

MACRA Medicare and CHIP Reauthorization Act

MAGI modified adjusted gross income
MAP Measure Applications Partnership
MAS maintenance assistance status
MAT medication assisted treatment

MAX Medicaid Analytic Extract

MBES/CBES Medicaid and CHIP Budget Expenditure System

MBI Medicaid buy-in

MCCA Medicare Catastrophic Coverage Act

MCE Medicaid coverage expansion (or managed care entity)

MCH maternal and child health

MCHA maternal and child health access
MCHB Maternal and Child Health Bureau

MCO managed care organization

MDCH Michigan Department of Community Health

MDHHS Michigan Department of Health and Human Services

MEC minimum essential coverage

MedPAC Medicare Payment Advisory Commission
MEMA member enrollment mix adjustment
MEPS Medical Expenditure Panel Survey

MEPS-HC Medical Expenditure Panel Survey—Household Component MEPS-IC Medical Expenditure Panel Survey—Insurance Component

MEQS Medicaid Eligibility Quality Control System

MFCU Medicaid Fraud Control Unit



MFP Money Follows the Person

MFSDB Medicare fee schedule database

MH/SUD mental health/substance use disorder

MHCP Minnesota Health Care Program MHPA Mental Health Parity Act of 1996

MHPAEA Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act of 2008

MIC Medicaid integrity contractor
MIG Medicaid integrity group

MIHMS Maine Integrated Health Management Solution

MII Medicaid Integrity Institute
MIP Medicaid Integrity Program

MIPPA Medicare Improvements for Patients and Providers Act

MITA Medicaid Information Technology Architecture

MLR medical loss ratio

MLTSS managed long-term services and supports

MMA Medicare Modernization Act

MMCDCS Medicaid Managed Care Data Collection System

MMCO Medicare-Medicaid Coordination Office

MMIS Medicaid Management Information Systems

MMLR minimum medical loss ratio

MMNA monthly maintenance of need allowance

MMSEA Medicare, Medicaid, and SCHIP Extension Act of 2007

MOE maintenance of effort

MOMS Maternal Opiate Medicine Support Project

MOU memorandum of understanding

MOUD medications to treat opioid use disorder

MRA magnetic resonance angiogram

MRCP magnetic resonance cholangiopancreatography

MRI magnetic resonance imaging

MRS magnetic resonance spectroscopy

MSA metropolitan statistical area

MSHO Minnesota Senior Health Options

MSIS Medicaid Statistical Information System

MSP Medicare Savings Program

MSTAT Medicaid State Technical Assistance Teams

MUA medically underserved area

MUP medically underserved population

NADAC National Average Drug Acquisition Cost Survey NAMCS National Ambulatory Medical Care Survey



National Association of Medicaid Directors NAMD National Association of State Budget Officers **NASBO NASHP** National Academy of State Health Policy

National Association of States United for Aging and Disabilities **NASUAD** 

**NCANDS** National Child Abuse and Neglect Data System

NCCI **National Correct Coding Initiative NCHC** North Carolina Health Choice

National Center for Health Statistics **NCHS** 

National Committee for Quality Assurance **NCOA NCSL** National Conference of State Legislatures

**NDC** National Drug Code

**NDDoH** North Dakota Department of Health

**NEDS** Nationwide Emergency Department Sample **NEHRS** National Electronic Health Records Survey **NEMT** non-emergency medical transportation

**NESCO** New England States Consortium Systems Organization

NF nursing facility

National Federation of Independent Business **NFIB** 

**NFLOC** nursing facility level of care **National Governors Association** NGA

**NHAMCS** National Hospital Ambulatory Care Survey

**NHCM** New Hampshire certified midwives

NHE national health expenditures **NHIS** National Health Interview Survey **NHPF** National Health Policy Forum NHRA Nursing Home Reform Act **NHSC** National Health Service Corps **NICU** neonatal intensive care unit

NIDA National Institute on Drug Abuse Non-Institutional Provider Team NIPT

National Institutional Reimbursement Team **NIRT** 

NIS nationwide inpatient sample NPI national provider identifier

**NPPES** National Plan and Provider Enumeration System

**NPR** net patient revenue NQF **National Quality Forum** 

**NSCAW** National Survey of Child and Adolescent Well-Being

**NSCH** National Survey of Children's Health **NSCLC** National Senior Citizens Law Center



NSCSHCN National Survey of Children with Special Health Care Needs

NSDUH National Survey on Drug Use and Health

NSLP National School Lunch Program

OACT Office of the Actuary

OASI Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund

OB-GYN obstetrician-gynecologist

OBRA Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act

ODWCC outpatient departmental weight cost-to-charge

OE operating expenses

OFM Office of Financial Management

OHA Oregon Health Authority

OHCA Oklahoma Health Care Authority

OHP Oregon Health Plan

OIG Office of Inspector General

OMB Office of Management and Budget

OPD outpatient department

OPFS outpatient prospective fee schedule
OPM U.S. Office of Personnel Management
OPPC other provider preventable conditions
OPPS outpatient prospective payment system

OT occupational therapy

OTC over-the-counter

OTP opioid treatment program

PAP pay for performance PA physician assistant

PAAS Physician Assured Access System

PACE Program of All-inclusive Care for the Elderly

PAHP prepaid ambulatory health plans PAPE payment amount per episode

PBFQHC provider-based federally qualified health center

PBM pharmacy benefit manager

PBRHC provider-based rural health clinic

PCA personal care attendant PCC primary care clinician

PCCM primary care case management PCMH patient-centered medical home

PCP primary care provider

PCPCH patient-centered primary care home PCPCP primary care partial capitation provider



PCRI primary care rate increase

PDL preferred drug list

PDMP prescription drug monitoring program

PERM Payment Error Rate Measurement Program

PET positron emission tomography
PHAB Public Health Accreditation Board

PHP prepaid health plan

PHUP Partial Hospitalization Units Program

PI program integrity

PIHP prepaid inpatient health plan
PMH pregnancy medical home
PMP primary medical provider
PMPM per member per month
PMPY per member per year
PNA personal needs allowance

POPS Pharmacy On-Line Processing System

POS point of service

PPAC Preferred Physicians and Children Program

PPC provider preventable conditions PPO preferred provider organization PPS prospective payment system

PQMP Pediatric Quality Measures Program
ProPAC Prospective Payment Access Commission
PRR patient review and restriction programs

PT physical therapy

QDWI qualifying disabled and working individual

QHP qualified health plan QI qualifying individual

QMB qualified Medicare beneficiary

RAC recovery audit contract

RBRVS resource-based relative value scale RBRVU resource-based relative value units

RCCO regional care collaborative organizations

RDU renal dialysis units

RFI request for information
RFP request for proposal
RHC rural health clinic

RNFA registered nurse first assistants

RPICC regional perinatal intensive care centers



RVU relative value unit

SAMHSA Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration

SBHC school-based health center

SBIRT screening, brief intervention and referral to treatment SCDHHS South Carolina Department of Health and Human Services

SCH sole community hospital

SCO senior care options

SDMI severe disabling mental illness

SED severe (or serious) emotional disturbance SEDD state emergency department database SEDS Statistical Enrollment Data System

SFY state fiscal year (July 1–June 30)

SGA substantial gainful activity

SHADAC State Health Access Data Assistance Center
SHIP State Health Insurance Assistance Programs
SHOPP Supplemental Hospital Offset Payment Program

SI status indicator
SIL special income level
SIM state innovation models

SIPP Survey of Income and Program Participation
SLMB specified low-income Medicare beneficiary

SLP speech and language pathology SMAC state maximum allowable cost

SMD state Medicaid director SMI serious mental illness

SNAP Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program

SNF skilled nursing facility
SNP special needs plan

SOTA State Operations and Technical Assistance Initiative

SPA state plan amendment

SPMI serious persistent mental illness

SPRY state plan rate year

SSA Social Security Administration SSBG Social Services Block Grant

SSDI Social Security Disability Insurance SSI Supplemental Security Income

ST speech therapy

SUD substance use disorder

TANF Temporary Assistance for Needy Families



TAR treatment authorization request TBI/SCI traumatic brain or spinal cord injury

TEACH Training and Education for the Advancement of Children's Health Program

TEFRA Tax Equity and Fiscal Responsibility Act

TEFT Testing Experiences and Functional Tools Demonstration

TMA transitional medical assistance

TMPPM Texas Medicaid Provider Procedures Manual

T-MSIS Transformed Medicaid Statistical Information System

TPL third party liability

TTWIIA Ticket to Work and Work Incentives Improvement Act

U&C usual and customary
UC uncompensated care
UCC uncompensated care cost
UCR usual and customary rate
UDS uniform data system
UPL upper payment limit

URA unit rebate amount
USC usual source of care

USPSTF U.S. Preventive Services Task Force VA U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs

VFC Vaccines for Children program
WAC wholesale acquisition cost
WCC weighted cost-to-charge
WDI working disabled individual

WIC Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children

ZPIC Zone Program Integrity Contractor

